

Prediction of the entropy for As - apatites based on lattice volume

B. PUZIO^{1*} AND M. MANECKI¹

¹AGH University of Science and Technology, Department of Mineralogy, Petrography and Geochemistry, Kraków, Poland (*correspondence: bpuzio@agh.edu.pl)

The structure of apatites, corresponding to the general chemical formula $M_{10}(AO_4)_6X_2$, is very flexible and allows for numerous substitutions. The substitutions result in systematic variations of entropy of formation S_f° . Close to ideal linear correlation of S_f° with the volume V of apatite lattice is observed for F⁻, OH⁻, Cl⁻, and Br⁻ substitutions. The lines are parallel for Ca-Pb and P-As apatites. This was used for prediction of S_f° for arsenic-bearing apatites, for which the data are sparse.

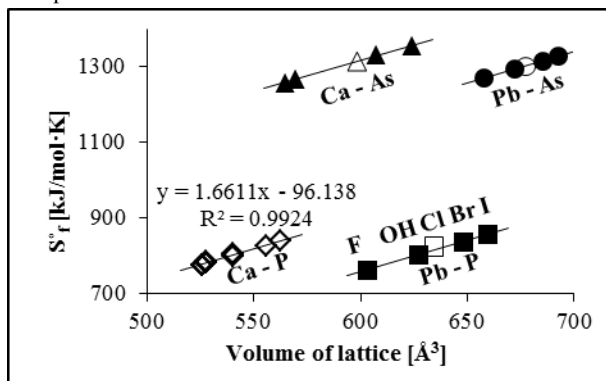


Figure 1. Linear variation of S_f° with the volume of lattice for selected apatites. Filled points mark predicted values.

As-apatites	S_f° [J/mol·K]		V [Å ³]	
	Ca	Pb	Ca	Pb
F	<i>1617</i>	<i>1509</i>	570	658
OH	<i>1651</i>	<i>1545</i>	565	672
Cl	1314	1567	598	677
Br	<i>1713</i>	<i>1598</i>	608	685
I	<i>320</i>	<i>176</i>	624	692

Table 1. An example of experimental (bold) and predicted (italic) S_f° and V for selected As – bearing apatites.

For the first time strong systematic variations of entropy of apatites and their constituents are observed and utilized for correlation, interpolation and extrapolation (Fig. 1.).